

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace the prior listing of claims of the priority application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method of cryogenically cooling a superconducting magnet surrounded by liquid helium at a temperature of below 4.2 K within an inner chamber of a cryogenic vessel, the method comprising:

 supplying current to the magnet by way of a ~~supply passage~~ removable current lead extending through a supply passage passing through the wall of the vessel in order to initiate superconducting current flow in the magnet[[,]] ;

 stopping the supply of current to the magnet whilst the superconducting current flow persists in the magnet[[,]];

withdrawing the current lead from the supply passage[[,]];

 after an extended period of superconducting current flow in the magnet without stopping such superconducting current flow, supplying by way of a valve liquid helium at a temperature of about 4.2 K to an upper part of the inner chamber above the magnet such that the magnet is still surrounded by liquid helium at a temperature of below 4.2 K[[,]];

 stopping the supply of liquid helium to the inner chamber by closing the valve; and

 cooling the liquid helium in the upper part of the inner chamber to a temperature of below 4.2 K by reducing the pressure in the upper part of the inner chamber by pumping whilst the valve remains closed.

2. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to claim 1, wherein the magnet is cooled by the liquid helium within the inner chamber to a temperature of below 2.5 K.

3. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to claim 2, wherein the magnet is cooled by the liquid helium within the inner chamber down to a temperature below the lambda point (2.17 K).

4. (canceled)

5. (currently amended) ~~A method according to any preceding claims, wherein the liquid~~

~~helium at a temperature of below 4.2K is supplied to the inner chamber by way of a valve having~~ The method according to claim 1, wherein the valve has a removable actuating shaft, and the actuating shaft is removed from the valve after the supply of liquid helium to the inner chamber has stopped, in order to limit heat conduction during further operation.

6. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to ~~any preceding claims~~ claim 3, wherein the current is supplied to the magnet by way of the removable current lead having a connector part at one end adapted (i) to be connected to a connector part provided on the magnet internally of the inner chamber in order to supply current from an external current source to the magnet by way of the lead extending through the supply passage, and (ii) to be subsequently detachable from the connector part to permit withdrawal of the lead from the supply passage so as to limit heat conduction along the supply passage during further operation.

7. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to claim 6, wherein the inner chamber is vented with helium gas without warming the liquid helium within the inner chamber to any substantial extent to permit the lead to be withdrawn from the supply passage.

8. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to ~~any preceding~~ claim 7, wherein the level of the liquid helium in the inner chamber is monitored during operation so as to provide an indication of the need to supply liquid helium at a temperature of about 4.2 K to the upper part of the inner chamber when the level of the liquid helium in the inner chamber has fallen below a predetermined level.

9. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 8~~ claim 8, wherein the magnet is annular and is disposed with its axis horizontal within a horizontal cryogenic vessel.

10. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to claim 9, wherein the liquid helium at a temperature of about 4.2 K is supplied to the upper part of the inner chamber from a source of liquid helium that is external to the cryogenic vessel.

11. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to ~~any one of claims 1 to 8~~ claim 8,

wherein the magnet is annular and is disposed with its axis vertical within a vertical cryogenic vessel.

12. (currently amended) [[A]] The method according to claim 11, wherein the liquid helium at a temperature of about 4.2 K is supplied to the upper part of the inner chamber from an outer chamber surrounding the inner chamber and contained within the cryogenic vessel.

13. (currently amended) A superconducting magnet system comprising:

 a cryogenic vessel;

 a superconducting magnet contained in an inner chamber within the vessel to be cooled by liquid helium at a temperature of below 4.2 K within the inner chamber[[,]];

~~current supply means for supplying~~ a removable current lead, which supplies current to the magnet ~~by way of~~ via a supply passage extending through the wall of the vessel in order to initiate superconducting current flow in the magnet, and subsequently stopping the supply of current to the magnet whilst the superconducting current flow persists in the magnet and the current lead is withdrawn from the supply passage[[,]];

~~liquid helium supply means for supplying~~ a valve which supplies, after an extended period of superconducting current flow in the magnet and without stopping the superconducting current flow, liquid helium at a temperature of about 4.2 K to an upper part of the inner chamber above the magnet where the magnet is surrounded by liquid helium at a temperature of below 4.2 K, and subsequently stops the supply of liquid helium to the inner chamber by closing the valve[[,]]; and

 cooling means, which cools the liquid helium in the upper part of the inner chamber to a temperature of below 4.2 K by reducing the pressure in the upper part of the inner chamber by pumping whilst the valve remains closed.

14. (canceled)

15. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to claim 14 13, wherein the valve has a removable actuating shaft, which is removable from the valve after the supply of liquid helium to the inner chamber has stopped in order to limit heat conduction during further operation.

16. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to claim 13, ~~14 or 15~~ wherein the ~~current supply means is in the form of a~~

the removable current lead having has a connector part placed at one end of the lead, and the magnet has a connector part placed within the inner chamber that is adapted (i) to be connected to a connector part provided on the magnet internally of the inner chamber in order to supply current from an external current source to the magnet by the way of via the lead through the supply passage to initiate superconducting current flow in the magnet, and (ii) to be subsequently detachable from the connector part, when the connector parts are connected, and with the superconducting current flow persisting in the magnet, to permit withdrawal of the lead from the supply passage when the connector parts are separated so as to limit heat conduction along the supply passage during further operation of the system.

17. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to claim 16, ~~wherein further comprising venting means is provided for venting, which vents~~ the inner chamber with helium gas without warming the liquid helium within the inner chamber to any substantial extent to permit the lead to be withdrawn from the supply passage.

18. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to claim ~~any one of claims 13 to 17,~~ wherein further comprising monitoring means is provided for monitoring, which monitors the level of the liquid helium in the inner chamber during operation ~~so as to provide and provides~~ an indication of the need to supply liquid helium at a temperature of about 4.2 K to the upper part of the inner chamber when the level of the liquid helium in the inner chamber has fallen below a predetermined level.

19. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to ~~one of claims 13 to~~ claim 18, wherein the magnet is annular and is disposed with its axis horizontal within a horizontal cryogenic vessel.

20. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to claim 19, wherein the valve is connected to a source of liquid helium external to the cryogenic vessel.

21. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to ~~any one of claims 13 to~~ claim 18,

wherein the magnet is annular and is disposed with its axis vertical within a vertical cryogenic vessel.

22. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to claim 21, wherein the valve is connected to an outer chamber containing liquid helium at a temperature of about 4.2 K, the outer chamber surrounding the inner chamber and being contained within the cryogenic vessel.

23. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to ~~any one of claims 13 to claim~~ 22, wherein a gas-cooled shield is provided within the vessel so as to surround the inner chamber.

24. (currently amended) [[A]] The system according to ~~any one of claims 13 to claim~~ 23, wherein an annular liquid nitrogen reservoir is provided within the vessel so as to surround the inner chamber.

25-26. (canceled)

27. (new) A superconducting magnet system comprising:

 a cryogenic vessel having an inner chamber;

 a superconducting magnet contained in the inner chamber to be cooled therein by liquid helium; and

 liquid helium supply means supplying liquid helium to the inner chamber and comprising a removable actuating shaft being removable after the supply of liquid helium to the inner chamber has stopped in order to limit heat conduction during further operation.